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Claims

- 1. Use of a poly(dialkylsiloxane) having terminal hydroxyl groups, wherein the alkyl groups contain 1 to 4 carbon atoms, for improving the strength and the surface of dental fillings that are based on glass ionomer cement compositions.
- 2. Use according to claim 1, wherein the poly(dialkylsiloxane) is linear or cyclic.
- 3. Use according to claim 1 or claim 2, wherein the alkyl groups of the poly(dialkylsiloxane) are methyl groups.
- 4. Use according to any one of claims 1 3, wherein the poly(dialkylsiloxane) has a kinematic viscosity in the range of about 1 to about 100.000 cSt at 25°C.
- 5. Use according to any one of claims 1 4, wherein the glass ionomer cement composition is obtainable by treating a fluorosilicate glass powder with:
 - (a) a poly(dialkylsiloxane) having terminal hydroxyl groups, wherein the alkyl groups contain 1 to 4 carbon atoms,
- (b) an aqueous acid solution,
 - (c) separating the treated fluorosilicate glass powder from the aqueous acid solution.
 - 6. Use according to claim 5, wherein the particles of the fluorosilicate glass powder have an average size of about 0.01 to about 200 μm.
- 7. Use according to claim 5 or claim 6, wherein the aqueous acid solution comprises an inorganic acid or an organic acid.
 - 8. Use according to claim 7, wherein the organic acid is a polymer.
 - 9. Use according to any one of claims 5-8, wherein the aqueous acid solution has a pH in the range of 2 to 7.
- 10. Use of a poly(dialkylsiloxane) having terminal hydroxyl groups, wherein the alkyl groups contain 1 to 4 carbon atoms, as active ingredient for the preparation of a filling composition for improving the strength and the surface of dental fillings that are based on glass ionomer cement compositions.
- on glass ionomer cement compositions, wherein a surface of a dental filling, which is already formed by filling a dental cavity with a glass ionomer composition, is treated with a poly(dialkylsiloxane) having terminal hydroxyl groups, wherein the alkyl groups contain 1 to 4 carbon atoms.

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- 12. Method according to claim 11, wherein after the treatment with the poly(dialkylsiloxane) the dental filling is cured by ultrasound and/or by applying heat.
- 13. Method according to claim 11, wherein prior to the treatment with the poly(dialkylsiloxane) the dental filling is cured by ultrasound and/or by applying heat.